



How to migrate data from MongoDB to Postgres with ToroDB

Who we are



Experts At Your Service

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- > Certified, experienced, passionate

Based In Switzerland

- > 100% self-financed Swiss company
- > Over CHF8 mio. Turnover

Leading In Infrastructure Services

- > More than 150 customers in CH, D & F
- > Over 50 SLAs dbi FlexService contracted



dbi services is hiring (career@dbi-services.com)

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Agenda



1.Introduction

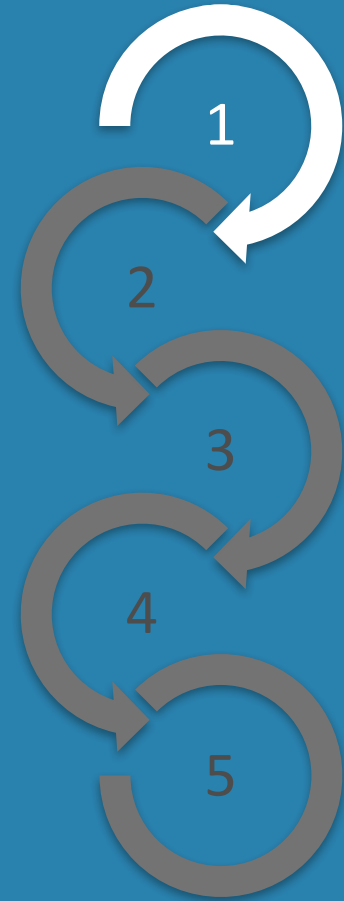
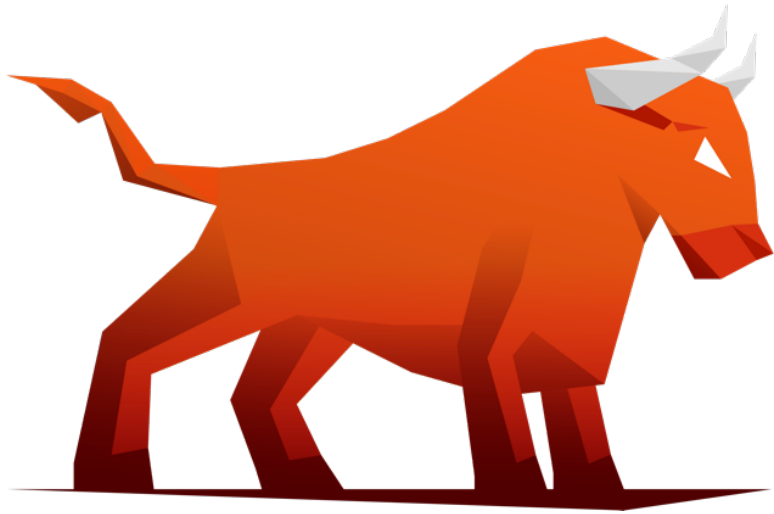
2.MongoDB

3.ToroDB

4.Migration: from MongoDB to PostgreSQL

5.Conclusion

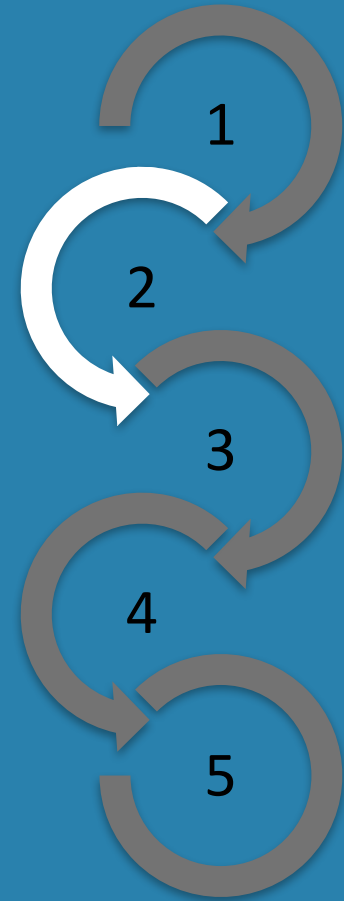
Introduction

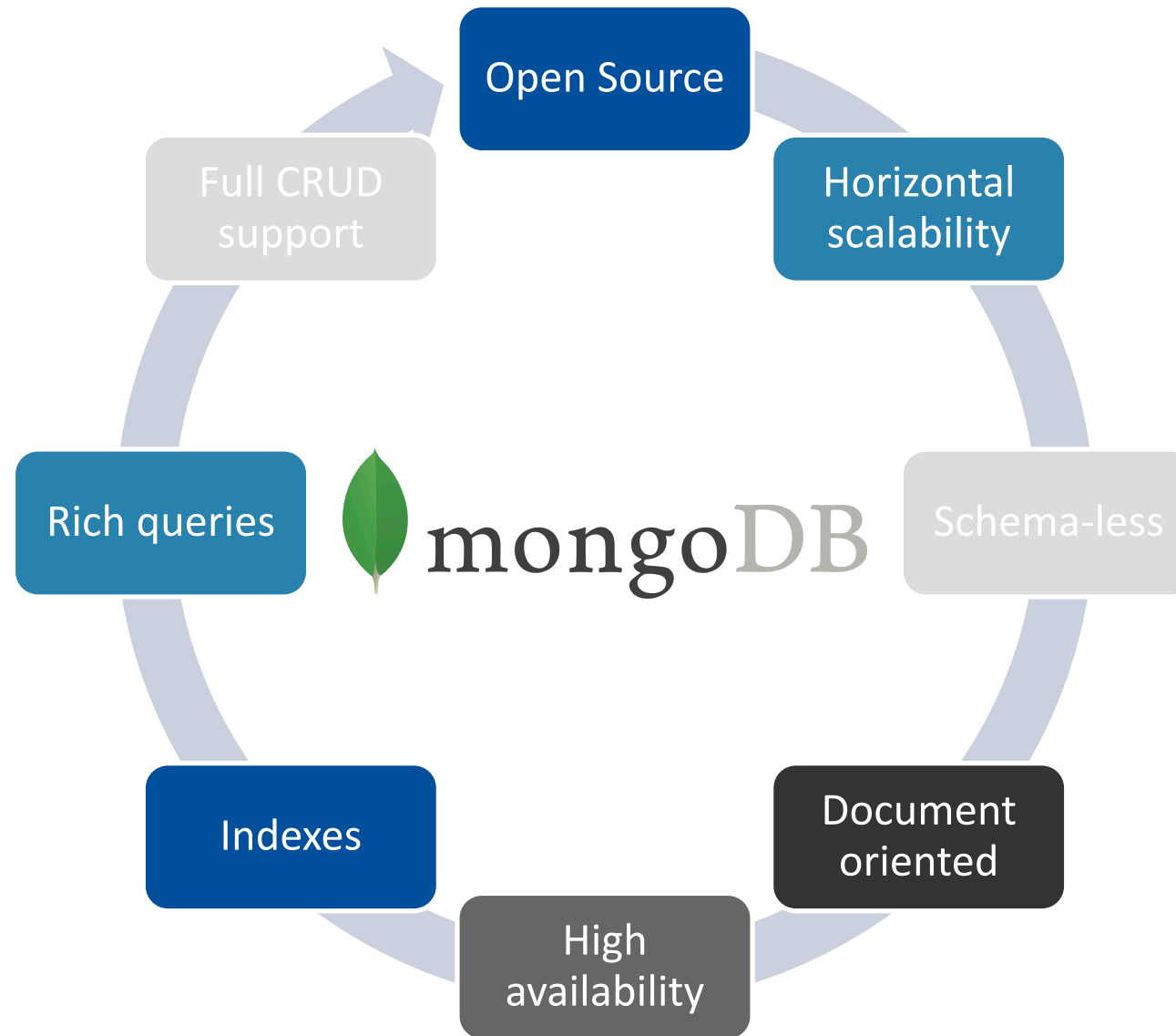




MongoDB

- > Overview
- > Data Model
- > High availability
- > Horizontal scalability
- > Limitations





Concept mapping

| RDBMS | MongoDB |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Tables | Collections |
| Rows/records | Documents |
| Queries return rows | Queries return cursor |
| Join | Embedded document |
| Partition | Shard |

Data are stored as documents

MongoDB stores BSON documents (Binary JSON)

Analogous to a database row

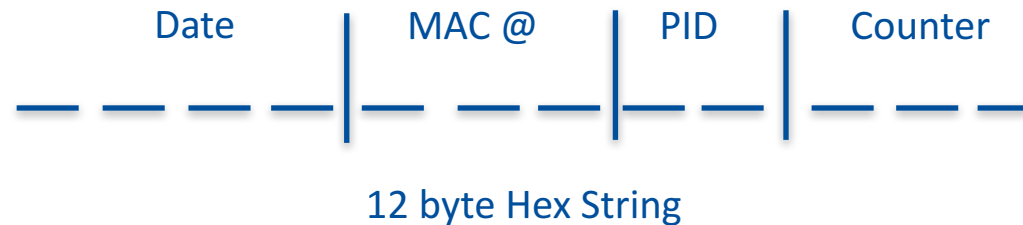
Keys and Values

- > Key : String
- > Values types:
 - > String, number, Boolean, null, array, object

```
{  
  "_id" : ObjectId("56e92b9cfd7bc92bbb3b51f"),  
  "first_name" : "Mike",  
  "surname" : "Brody",  
  "city" : "New-York",  
  "year" : 1987,  
}
```

Special key: **_id**

- > Unique identifier
- > Object id:



Relational

| Pers_Id | Surname | First_name | City |
|---------|---------|------------|----------|
| 0 | Mike | Durand | Geneva |
| 1 | Pat | Millner | London |
| 2 | Ortega | Alvaro | New-York |

| Car_Id | Model | Year | Pers_Id |
|--------|---------|------|---------|
| 0 | Ferrari | 2013 | 0 |
| 1 | Peugeot | 2005 | 0 |
| 2 | BMW | 2016 | 1 |



MongoDB schema

```
{  
  "first_name" : "Durand",  
  "surname" : "Mike",  
  "city" : "Geneva",  
  "country" : "Switzerland",  
  "cars": [  
    { "model": "Ferrari",  
      "year": 2013  
    }  
  ]  
}
```

Which mechanism ensure high availability of your data?

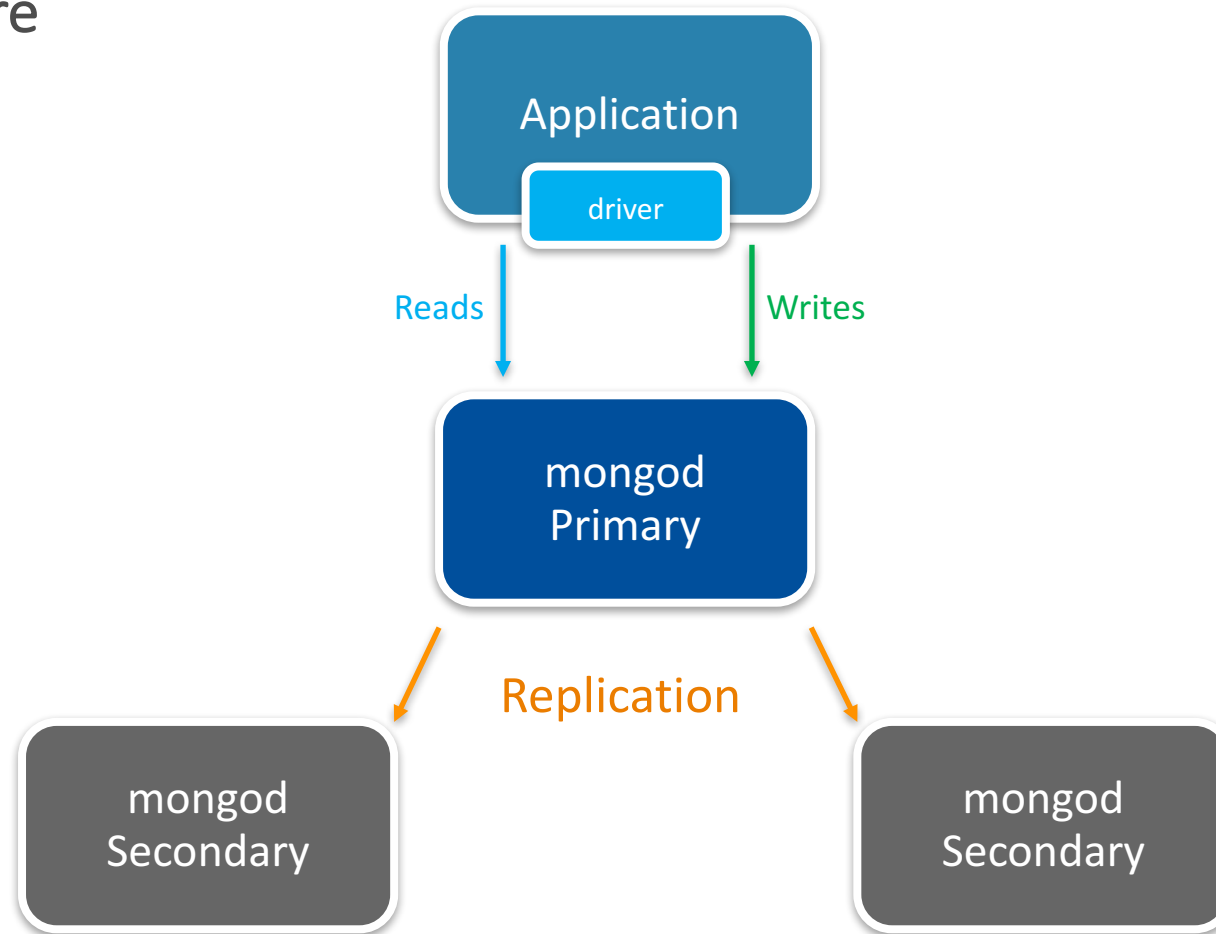
> MongoDB Replication

HA is achieved through automatic failover

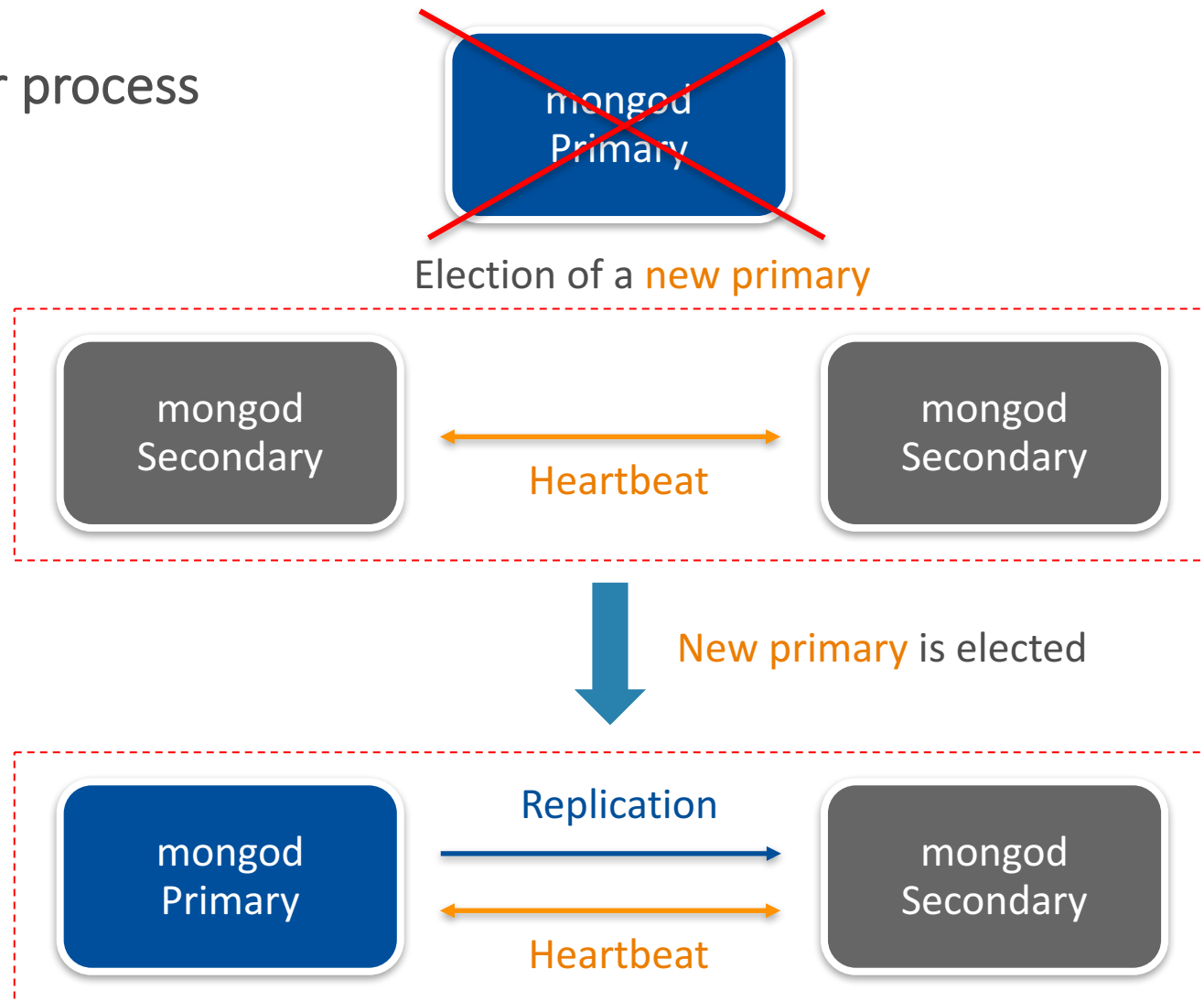
MongoDB replication allows:

- > High availability (HA)
- > Disaster Recovery (DR)
 - > Data duplication across multiple database servers / storages
- > Functional Segregation
 - > Topology of replica sets can be used for
 - > Backups, Analytics, Reporting, DR, Read operations...

Replication architecture



Automatic failover process



MongoDB

Horizontal scalability

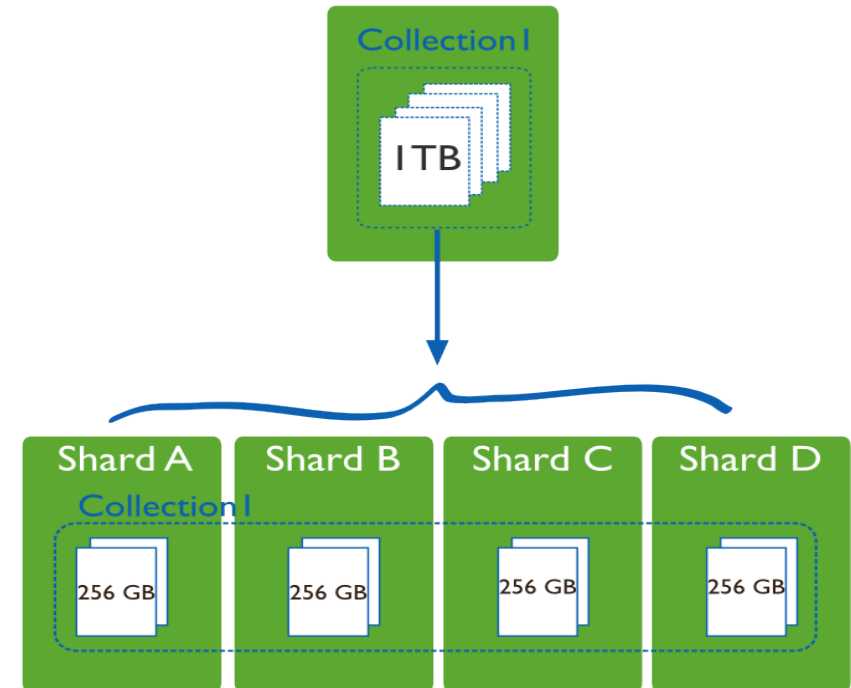
Vertical scalability

Increasing CPU, RAM, I/O

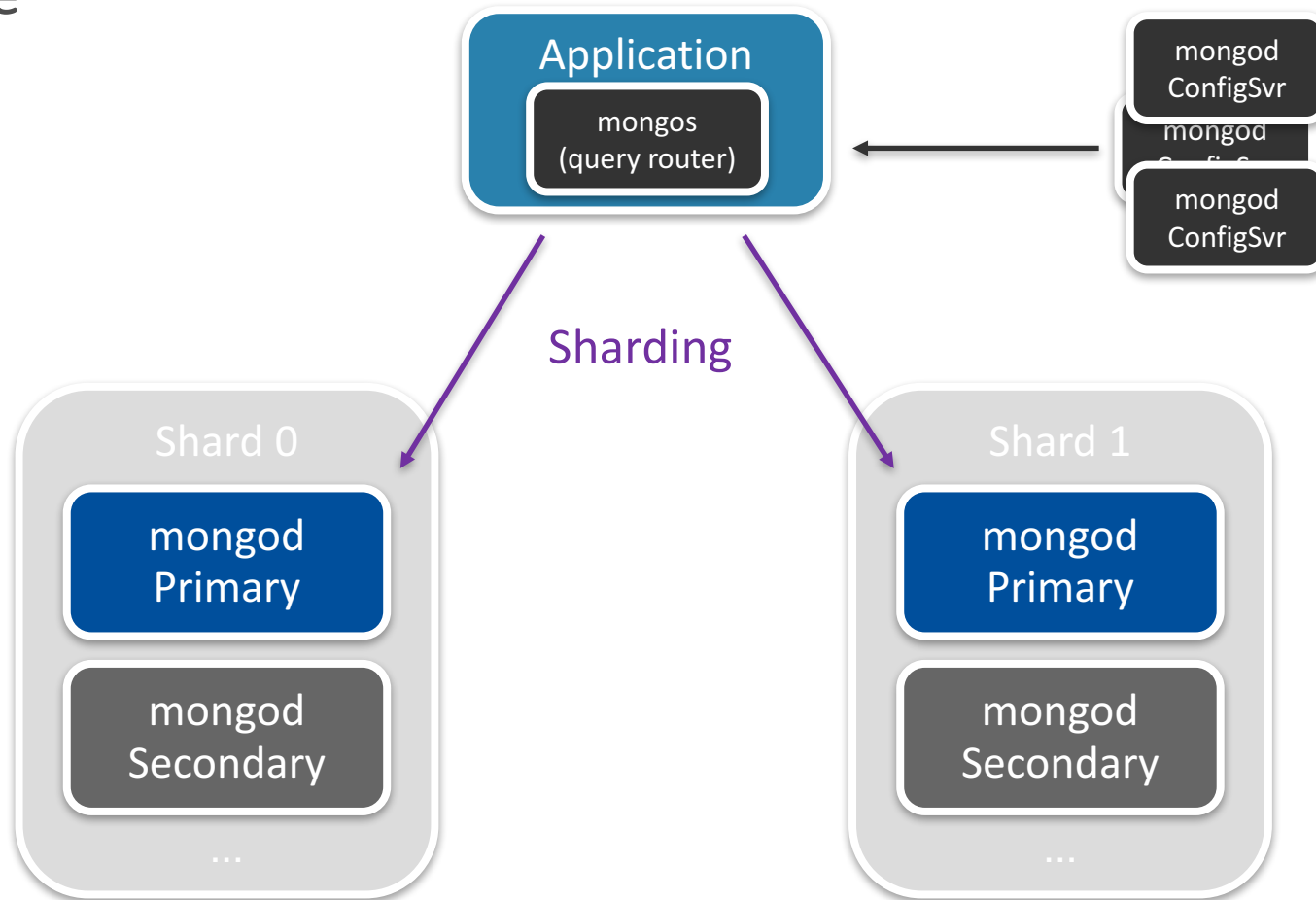


Scaling with MongoDB

> MongoDB Sharding

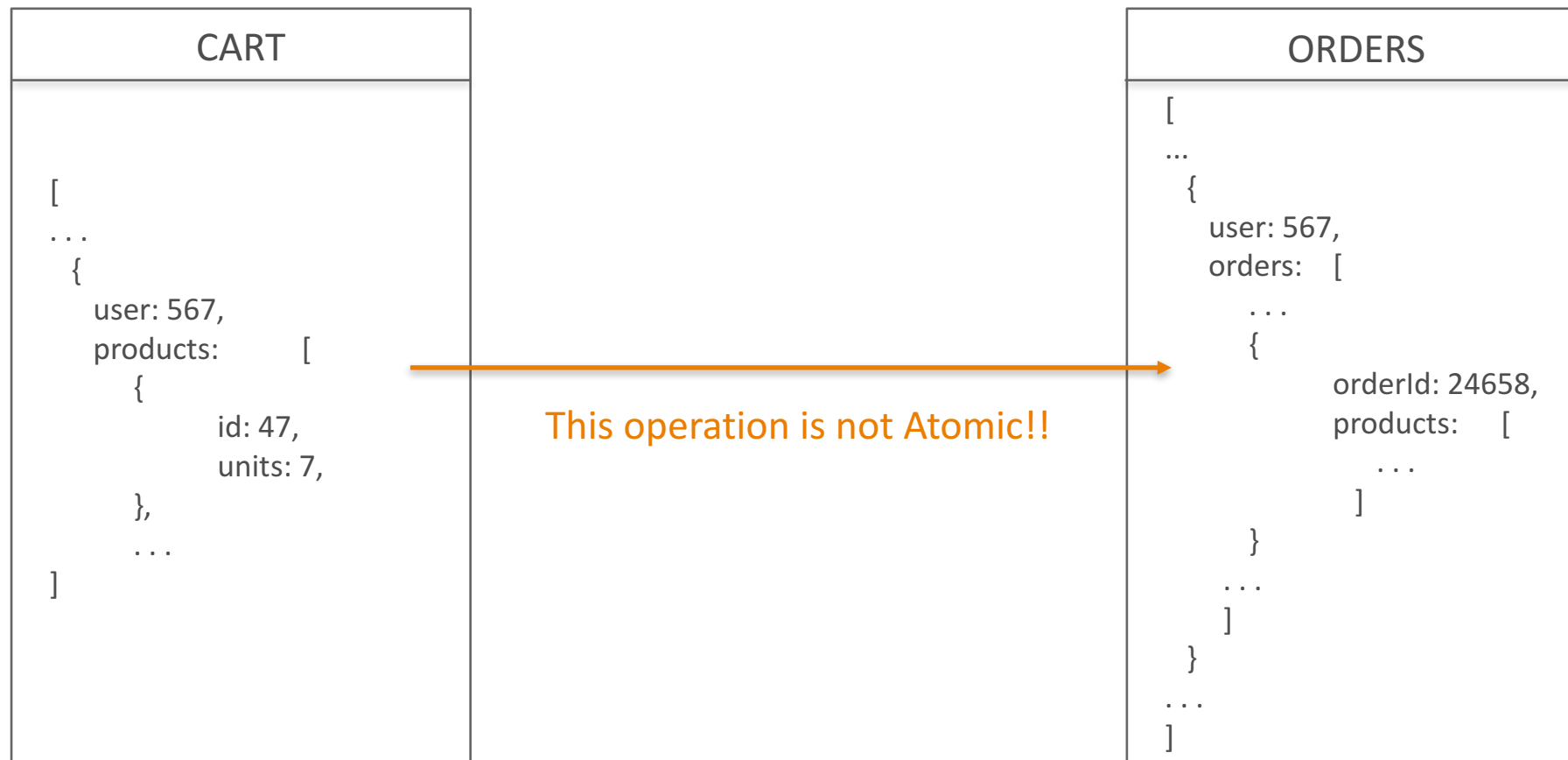


Sharding Architecture



No ACID transaction

> Atomic transactions only work within the **same document**



MongoDB High availability is not safe!!

- > Data loss depending the consistency level you choose

MongoDB consistency levels

- > Unacknowledged: **Unsafe** - 42% of data loss
- > Acknowledged: **Unsafe**
- > Journalled: **Unsafe**
- > Fsynced: **Unsafe**
- > Replica Acknowledged: **Unsafe**
- > **Only majority is safe**

<https://aphyr.com/posts/322-jepsen-mongodb-stale-reads>

BI query performances issues

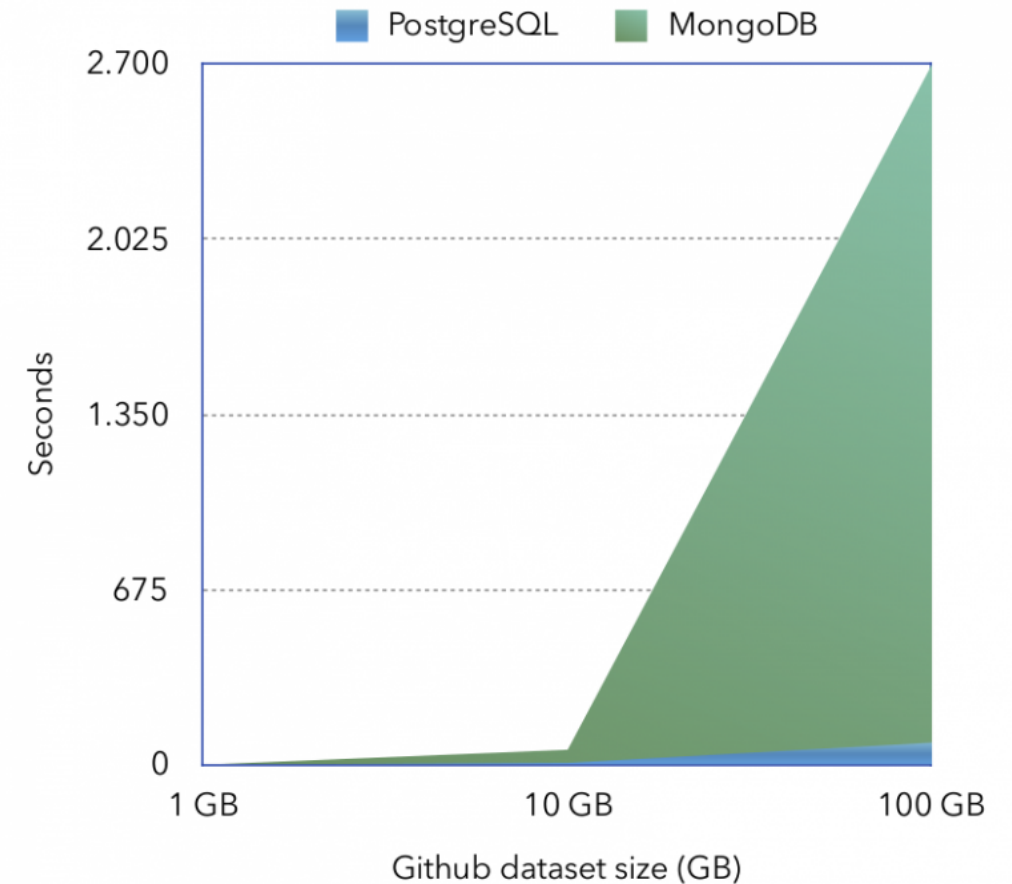
MongoDB aggregation framework is very slow

- > Need to scan multiple documents
- > Lots of I/O required to answer the query

Aggregation on a relational design is “100x faster”

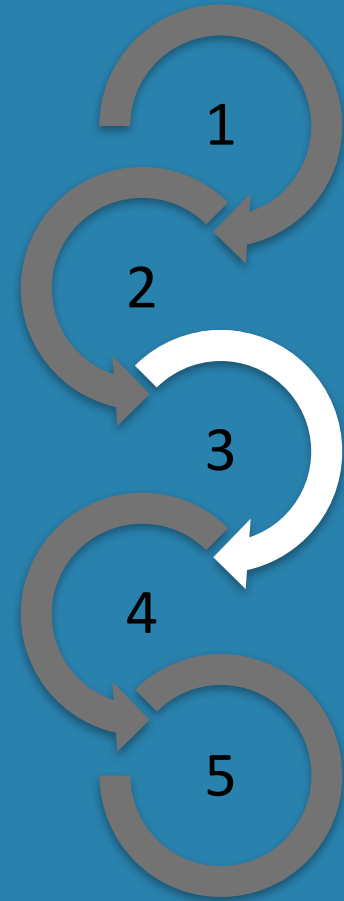
Solution for MongoDB BI queries?

- > Implement a relational schema!!



ToroDB

- > What is ToroDB?
- > How it works?
- > Why ToroDB?





The first database that merges the scalability of a NoSQL
with the reliability of SQL

ToroDB

What is ToroDB?

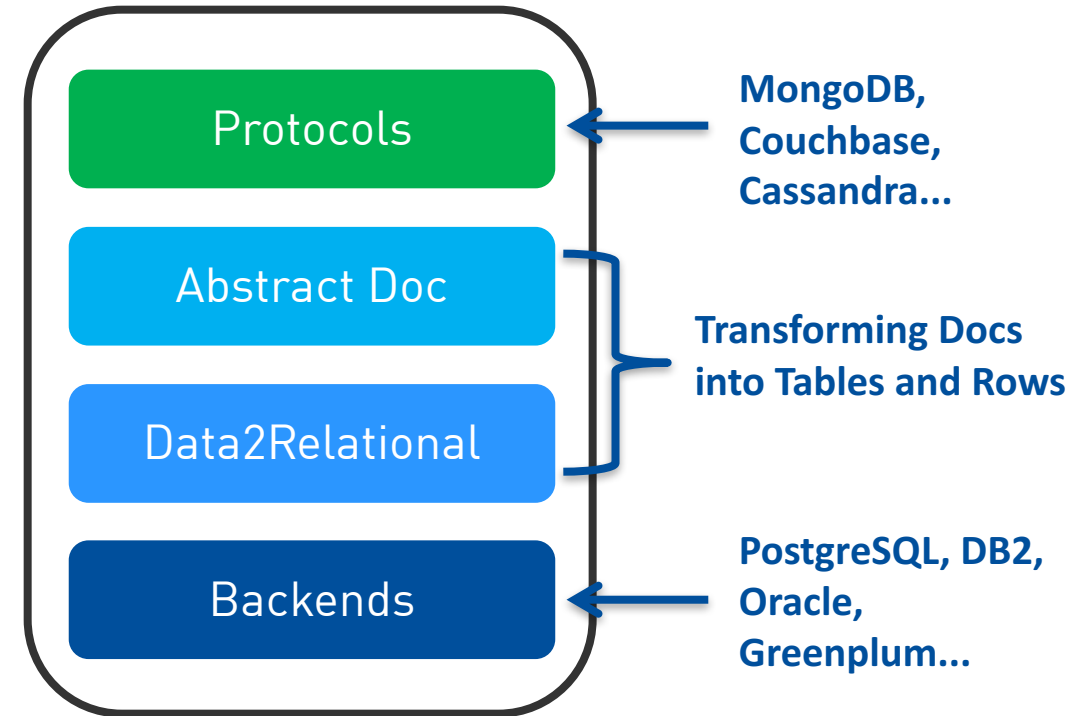
Open source, document-oriented, JSON database that runs on top of PostgreSQL

BI connector for MongoDB

JSON documents are **stored relationally**

- > Significant storage
- > I/O savings

MongoDB data is persisting in tables and rows within a SQL database



ToroDB transforms documents to relational tables

- > Data is stored in tables
- > ToroDB analyzes every incoming document and separates metadata (schema) from data (tuples)
- > 1+ tables per MongoDB collections
- > ToroDB creates a RDBMS catalog schema per MongoDB database
- > **Dynamic and implicit schema generation**

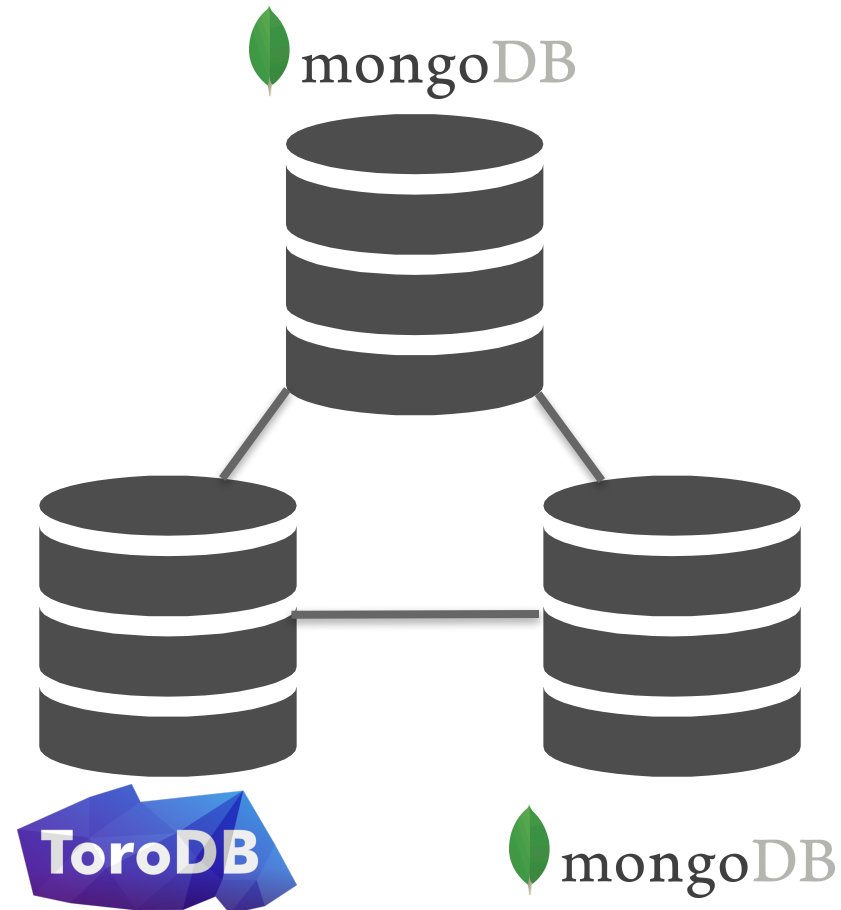
Full compatibility with MongoDB

- > API programs, clients
- > CRUD operations including UPDATE

ToroDB

How it works?

ToroDB can work as a secondary node on a MongoDB replica set



ToroDB

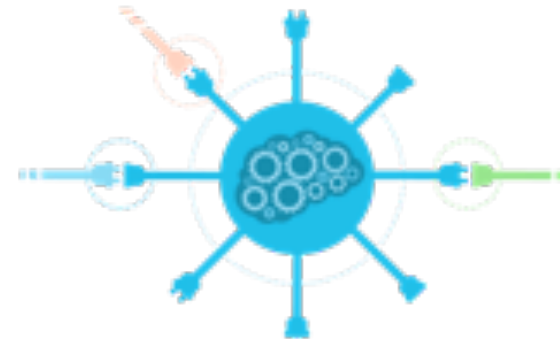
Why ToroDB?



Native SQL BI
Connector



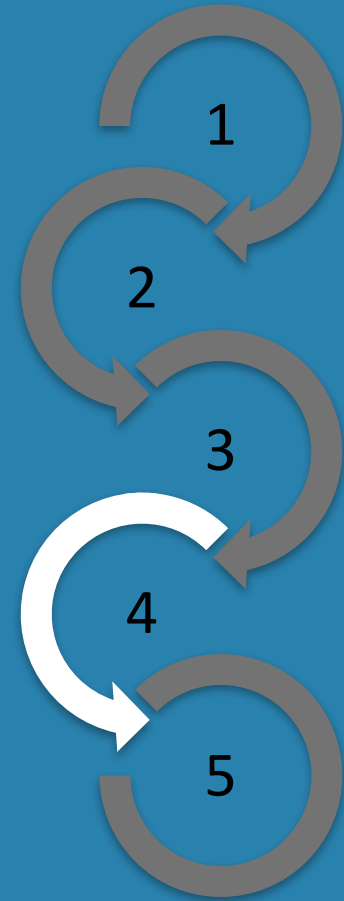
Data Integration
Platform: SQL and
NoSQL apps in the
same RDBMS



Apps: Write data
with Mongo API,
query with SQL!

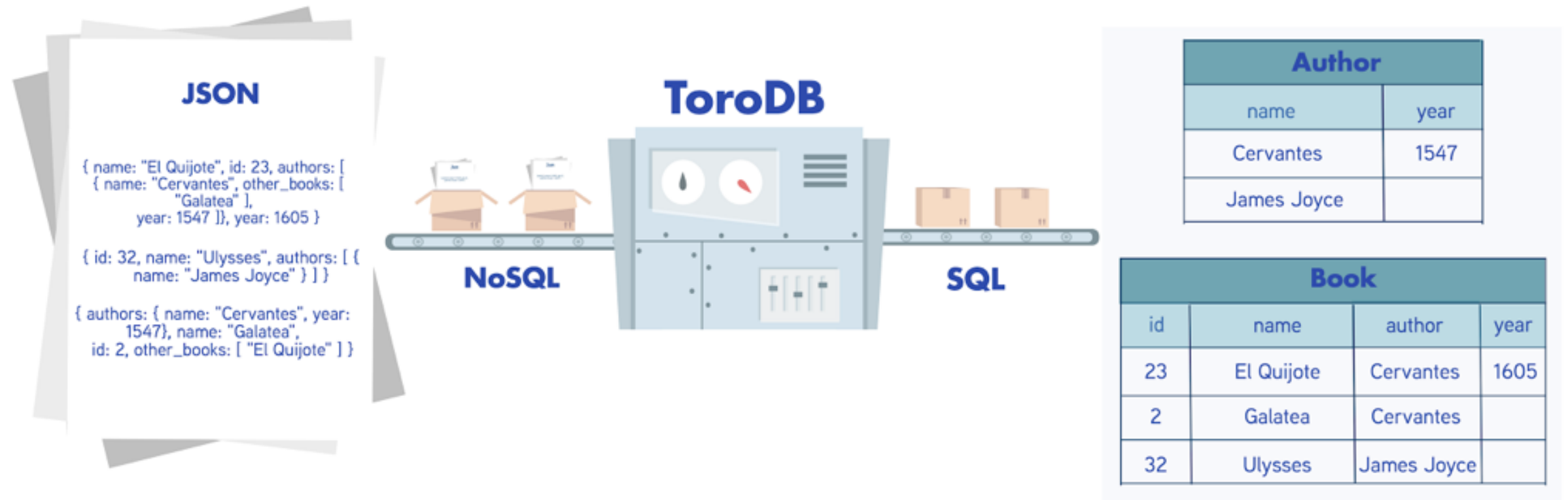
Migration: from MongoDB to PostgreSQL

- > Overview
- > Prerequisites
- > Configuration
- > Demo



Migration: from MongoDB to PostgreSQL

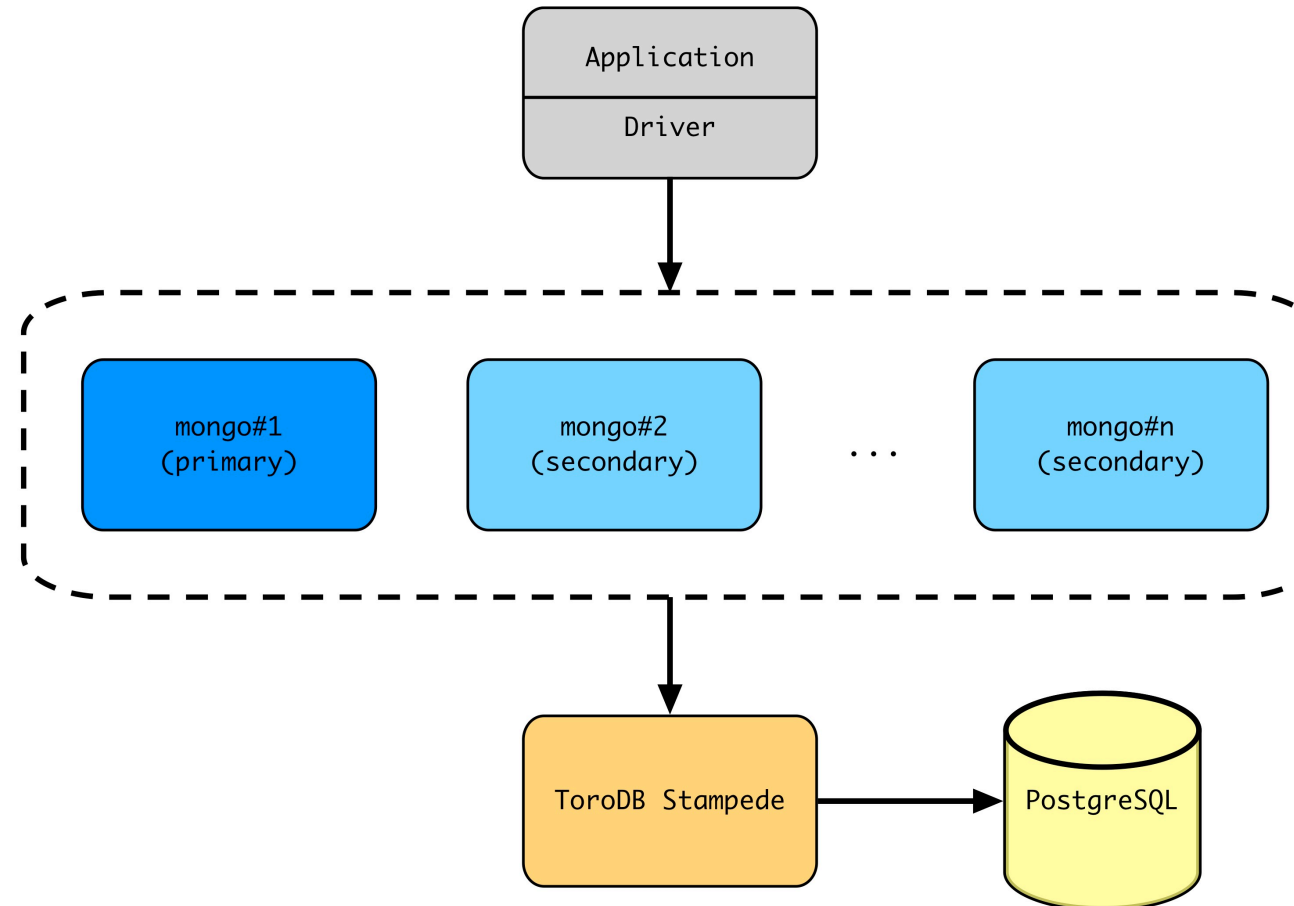
Overview



Migration: from MongoDB to PostgreSQL

Overview

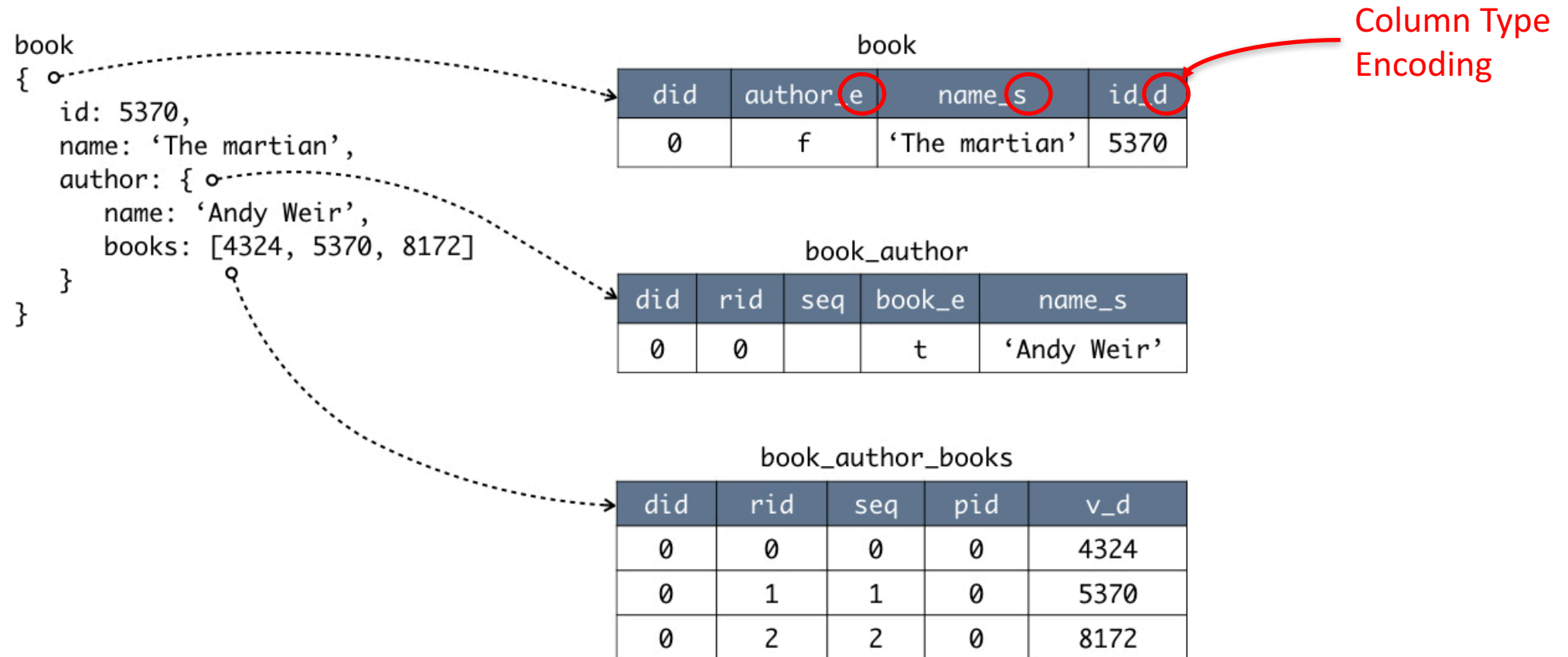
ToroDB Stamped uses MongoDB **replica set oplog** to keep track of the modifications in MongoDB



Migration: from MongoDB to PostgreSQL

Overview

During the replication ToroDB Stampeded transforms JSON documents into a relational schema



Migration: from MongoDB to PostgreSQL

Prerequisites

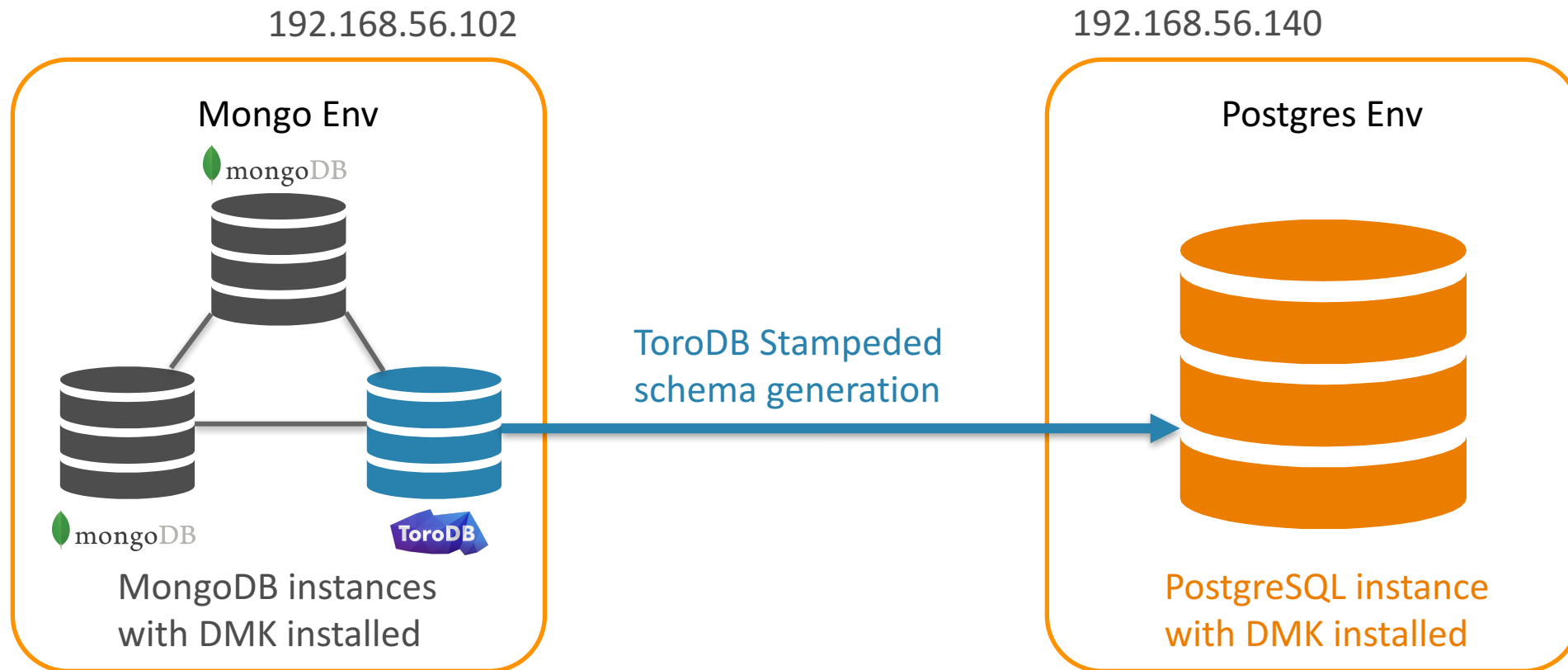


Runtime dependencies

| Technology | Description |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MongoDB | Install and start MongoDB instances with the replication features (dbi services best practices installation) |
| Replica sets configuration | ToroDB Stampede receives data from a MongoDB replica set. A single-node replica set is sufficient. |
| PostgreSQL | Install and start a PostgreSQL instance. Create a dedicated user and database . (dbi services best practices) |
| Java | ToroDB Stampede is written in Java so a Java Runtime Environment (JRE) required to run it. Java 8 is recommended . |

Migration: from MongoDB to PostgreSQL Configuration

Architecture



Migration: from MongoDB to PostgreSQL

Configuration



After installation, export `$TOROHOME` variable

```
mehdi@MacBook-Pro:/u00/app/torodb/ export TOROHOME /u00/app/torodb/torodb-stampede-1.0.0-beta2"
```

```
mehdi@MacBook-Pro:/u00/app/torodb/ echo $TOROHOME  
/u00/app/torodb/torodb-stampede-1.0.0-beta2
```

Create and adapt the ToroDB configuration file (YAML)

```
mehdi@MacBook-Pro:/u00/app/torodb/ /u00/app/torodb/torodb-stampede-1.0.0-beta2/bin/torodb-stampede -l > ../conf/torodb.yaml
```

```
mehdi@MacBook-Pro:/u00/app/torodb/ vi ../conf/torodb.yaml
```

Migration: from MongoDB to PostgreSQL

Configuration



ToroDB Stamped reads databases credentials from the **.toropass** file

Create the .toropass file in the home directory

```
mehdi@MacBook-Pro:/u00/app/torodb/ echo "<host>:<port>:<database>:<user>:<PASSWD>" >  
"$HOME/.toropass"
```

```
mehdi@MacBook-Pro:/u00/app/torodb/ chmod 0400 "~/toropass"
```

Migration: from MongoDB to PostgreSQL

Configuration



Custom configuration for ToroDB Stamped on startup

- > Command line options
- > Configuration file

Recommended to use a configuration file

```
mehdi@MacBook-Pro:/u00/app/torodb/ ./torodb-stamped -c myconfiguration.yml
```

Print the current configuration (YAML)

```
mehdi@MacBook-Pro:/u00/app/torodb/ ./torodb-stamped -l
```

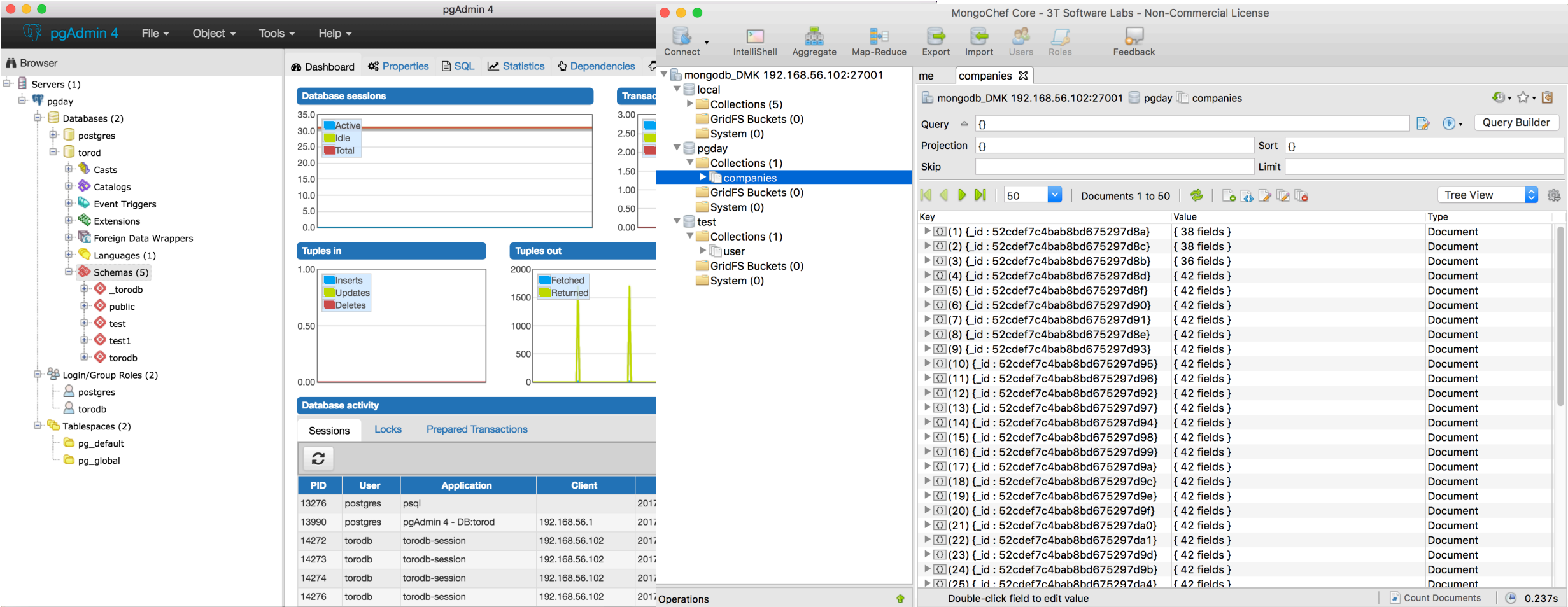
Migration: from MongoDB to PostgreSQL

Demo

| Steps | Description |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Java 8 (JRE) Installation and Configuration: http://download.oracle.com/otn-pub/java/jdk/8u131-b11/d54c1d3a095b4ff2b6607d096fa80163/jre-8u131-linux-x64.tar.gz |
| 2 | PostgreSQL Installation and Configuration: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Modify, if needed, PostgreSQL instance configuration: /u02/pgdata/PG1/postgresql.conf https://www.torodb.com/stampede/docs/1.0.0-beta2/configuration/postgresql-configuration-tips/- Create user torodb and database torod (with password)- Test the connection with new user and databases- Adapt pg_hba.conf for new connections |
| 3 | MongoDB Installation and Configuration: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Configure and initialize MongoDB replication: replset = torodb- Check replication config. (primary and secondary)- Import data into MongoDB |
| 4 | ToroDB Stampede Installation and Configuration: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- torodb.yaml configuration file creation- .toropass file creation for creation- Start ToroDB Stamped |

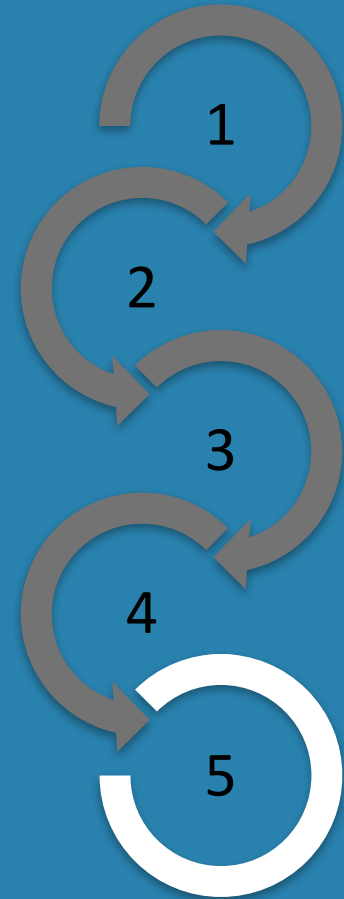
Migration: from MongoDB to PostgreSQL

Demo



Conclusion

> Advantages vs Drawbacks

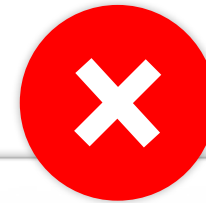


Conclusion

Advantages vs Drawbacks



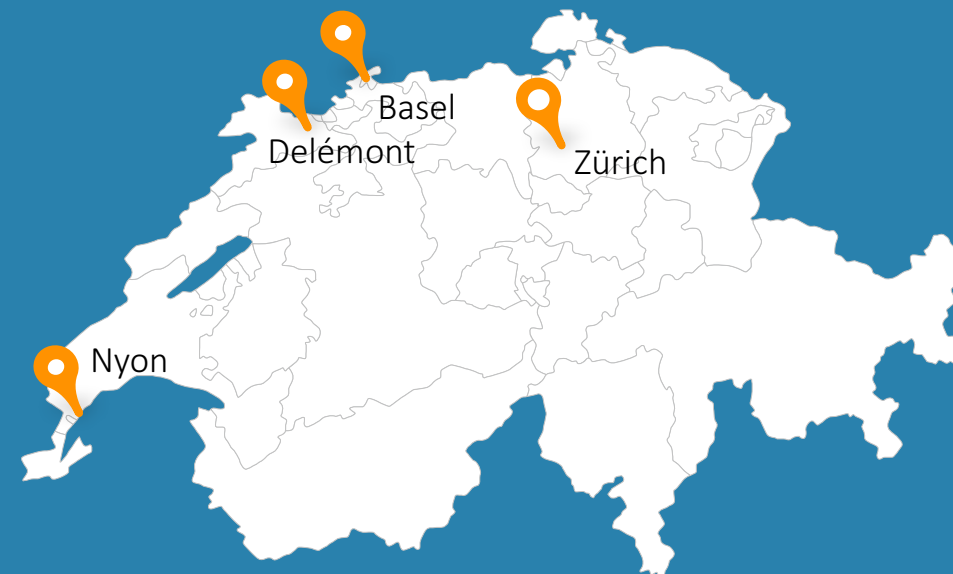
- ✓ Fast and Powerful
- ✓ Dynamic schema generation
- ✓ Dynamic changes in the schema
- ✓ Open source and free!!
- ✓ Cross-platform: Linux, Windows



- ✗ Only supports PostgreSQL as RDBMS backend
- ✗ Need improvements for different schema in the same mongo collection

Any questions?

Please do ask!



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your IT-Infrastructure
How about you?